

CLAIMS

We claim:

- 1 1. A dynamic directory of degree of freedom data for elements in a non-conformal
2 mixed-element mesh comprising elements subdividable into tetrahedra,
3 comprising:
4 a respective degree of freedom value for each element,
5 wherein the degree of freedom value is current as element subdivision proceeds.
- 1 2. The directory of claim 1, wherein the element subdivision is based on the
2 degree of freedom values in the directory, with ordered subdivision beginning
3 with relatively low degree of freedom element subdivision.
- 1 3. A tetrahedralization method, comprising at least the steps of:
2 providing a non-conformal mixed element mesh comprising elements
3 subdividable into tetrahedra, and identifying respective degree of freedom values
4 for the elements in the mesh;
5 performing element subdivision based on the degree of freedom values of
6 elements in the mesh.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3, wherein element subdivision begins with a batch of
2 relatively most-constrained elements.
- 1 5. The method of claim 3, wherein element subdivision includes look-ahead.
- 1 6. The method of claim 3, wherein the subdivision includes, when multiple
2 subdivisions of an element are possible, applying a subdivision pattern closest to
3 satisfying Dompierre "global numbering" criteria.

1 7. The method of claim 3, including maintaining degree of freedom data for
2 elements in the mesh.

1 8. The method of claim 7, including post-subdivision updating of the degree of
2 freedom data.

1 9. The method of claim 8, wherein degree of freedom data is updated after each
2 element subdivision.

1 10. The method of claim 8, wherein degree of freedom data is updated after a
2 batch of elements have been subdivided.

1 11. The method of claim 3, including breadth-first-search subdivision.

1 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the breadth-first-search subdivision includes
2 generating nearest newly-constrained elements and subdividing all nearest newly-
3 constrained elements before subdividing a neighbor of a nearest newly-
4 constrained element.

1 13. The method of claim 3, including obtaining tetrahedralized output.

1 14. A tetrahedralizing filter, comprising:

2 a receiver for data defined on a non-conformal mixed element mesh
3 comprising elements subdividable into tetrahedra,

4 a processor for the mesh data, wherein the processor dynamically
5 associates individual to-be-subdivided elements in the mesh with a degree of
6 freedom value in an element-by-element degree of freedom directory;

an element subdivider that discriminates on whether to initiate subdivision
or hold subdivision based on the degree of freedom directory, with subdivision

9 priority to relatively most-constrained to-be-subdivided elements.

1 15. The filter of claim 14, including a subdivision strategizer.

1 16. The filter of claim 14, including a dynamic directory.

1 17. The filter of claim 14, wherein the directory is updated between element
2 subdivisions.

1 18. The filter of claim 14, including a breadth-first-search subdivider that
2 generates nearest newly-constrained elements and subdividing all nearest newly-
3 constrained elements before subdividing a neighbor of a nearest newly-
4 constrained element.

1 19. Tetrahedralized output data produced by
2 providing a non-conformal mixed element mesh comprising elements
3 subdividable into tetrahedra, and generating data defining respective degree of
4 freedom values for the elements in the mesh; and
performing element subdivision based on the degree of freedom values of
elements in the mesh, wherein the degree of freedom data is dynamically updated.

1 20. The tetrahedralized output of claim 19, including a minimal number of, or no,
2 Steiner points.